Lecture V South Korea's Major Industries

Lecture 5: Korea's Major Industries

Automobile Industry





The first Korean produced automobile in 1960s





Ulsan Hyundai Motor Plant



- Huge inter-industry relation: steel, machinery, material, IT, BT, ET, and so on.
- Representative capital intensive industry
- A new model's R&D cost amounts to 300 Billion won
- The **crucial industry** that leads S. Korea's economic growth in 21st century

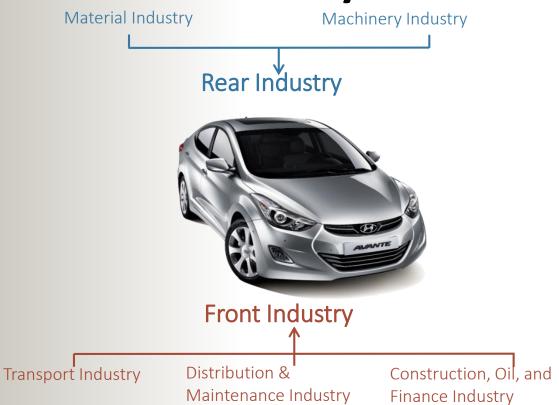


The first independently designed automobile: PONY





Forward and Backward Effects of Auto Industry





Global Automobile Industry

Thousand, %

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	growth	
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	'07	'02~'07
Toyota	6,535	7,053	7,811	8,502	9,289	9,716	4.6	48.7
GM	9,063	9,288	9,428	9,475	9,601	9,615	0.1	6.1
Ford	7,941	7,822	7,878	7,812	7,728	7,823	1.2	-1.5
VW	5,063	5,113	5,131	5,250	5,926	6,540	10.4	29.2
Renault/ Nissan	5,060	5,381	5,728	6,020	5,611	5,914	5.4	16.9
Hyundai	2,757	2,868	3,311	3,716	3,982	4,269	7.2	54.8
Honda	2,916	2,971	3,179	3,409	3,631	3,914	7.8	34.2
PSA	3,101	3,090	3,081	3,084	3,103	3,232	4.2	4.2
Chrysler	2,792	2,603	2,708	2,797	2,577	2,569	-0.3	-8.0

- 11.8% of Manufacturing, 13.4% of EX
- Huge job creation industry: 9.1% of manufacturing employment
- The largest single EX item: \$ 49.7 Billion EX

Contribution of Auto Industry (2006)

		Value Added (Billion Won)	Employment (thousand)	EX (Million Dollar)	Trade Balance (Million Dollar)	Investment (100 Million Won)
Auto Industry	107712.0	35842.0	264.0	49720.0	42552.0	58581.0
Share in Manufacturing	11.8	11.0	9.1	13.4	42553.0	12.3

Source: Major Industry Data

• Large effect on production inducement industry:

auto (2.5), elec (1.7), shipbuilding (2.0)

- Employees in auto related region:
 154 million → 10.4% of total employment
- Rear Industry:

Materials and component, steel, plastic industries are highly related

• Front Industry:

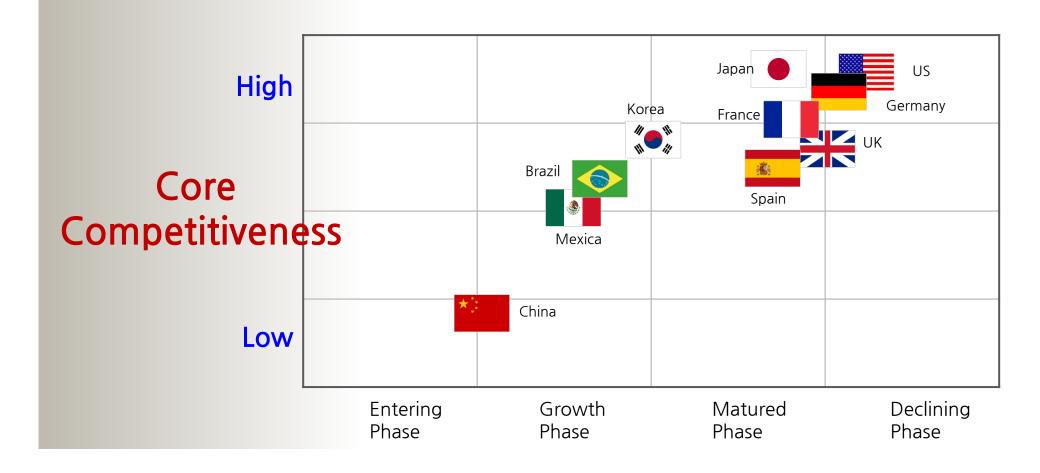
Auto, service, machinery industries are highly related

- Position in global mkt as of 2007: production 5.6% 5th largest producer, EX 284 million cars.
- More than 1 million cars are produced in foreign located plants from 2007
- The quality of product is greatly improved recently.
- Export region:

North America (29.3%), Western Europe (19.3%), Eastern Europe (15.7%), Middle East (11.6%), South America (10.6%)

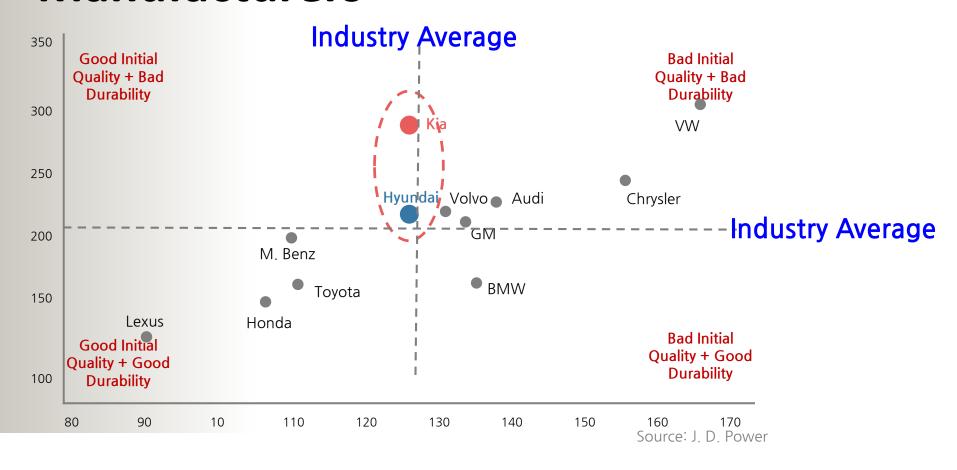
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Location of Korean Auto Industry



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Location of Korean Auto Manufacturers



Strong Points

- P competitiveness against developed countries
- Top notch level IT infra → Intelligent auto competitiveness
- Diversified mkt experiences

Weak Points

- Not competitive component manufacturers
- Not strong brand power
- Opposing labor-mgmt

- Visions
 - 2015's domestic prod: 5.2 million and foreign prod: 2.4 million
 - Global mkt share: $11\% \leftarrow 6.7\%$ (2005)
 - 2015's EX: \$ 58 Billion

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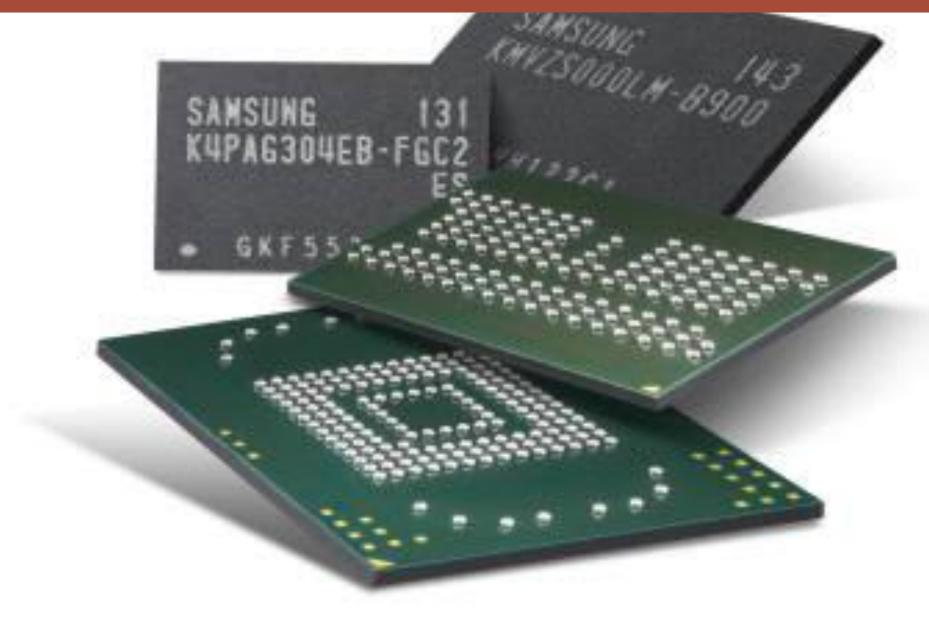
2015's Expected Contribution of Auto Industry

	2005	2015
Automobile Production (Domestic)	370 ten-thousand	
Automobile Production (Foreign)	66 ten-thousand	
Global Market Share	6.70%	11%
100 th largest part company	4	14
Automobile EX (including parts)	37.9 Billion dollar	58.0 Billion dollar
Parts EX	8.4 Billion dollar	16.0 Billion dollar
Employment	24 ten-thousand	

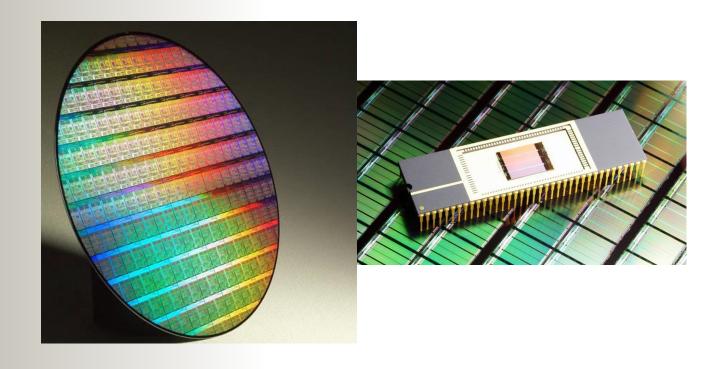
Dept. of Finance and Economy

Lecture 5: Korea's Major Industries

Semi-Conductor Industry



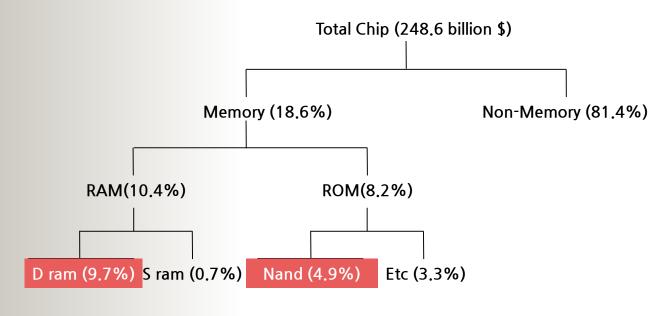




- Key industry of all electronic related industries
- Structure of global SC mkt btwn memory and non-memory
- Global SC mkt's demand is volatile. The demand highly deps on global business cycle: 2009's over 20% demand decrease
- Global event like World Cup, Olympic, and etc also affect demand of SC

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Different Chip Products Mkt Share (2008)



source: WSTS (2009.6)



Growth against previous year, %

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Total Chip	3.2	-2.8	-21.7	7.5	8.8
System Chip	4.5	2.3	-22.0	7.0	8.9
Memory	-1.1	-19.9	-20.3	9.8	8.6
D ram	-7.4	-23.2	-26.9	11.9	12.0
Nand Flash	26	-15.4	-2.1	13.7	9.5

source: WSTS (2009.5)

- Global SC mkt has been undergoing serious competition:
 chicken game
- Frequent bankruptcies and large M&As are common phenomenon
- Why?: 30% price decrease every year on average

 German and Taiwan manufacturers are suffering from production cost and distribution structure problems: Kimonda (Germany), Nanya, Powerchip (Taiwan) bankrupted in 2009.

- Global D-ram mkt in 2000s: Samsung, Hynix, Elphida (Hitachi and NEC), and Micron-Nanya-Inotera survived the chicken game.
- From the middle of 1990s, Korean corps began to dominate global market by Samsung and Hynix.
- Japnese Govnt strongly supports Elphida and Taiwanese Govnt also strongly supports TMC: not successful yet
- But TI (US) and Elphida disappeared bankrupted and then Kimonda (Germany) also bankrupted.

- In Korea, SI was started by US coms in 1965 for cheap labor cost.
- In 1983, Samsung, LG, and Hyundai elec started semiconductor prod in earnest.
- Caught up developed Cs in 1992 after developing 64M dram.
 After that, led the global mkt until now.

4 reasons of SI success

- 1) Started with memory chips
- 2) The 3 manufacturers' co-work through Govnt's support
- 3) Timely investment and develop distribution network
- 4) Decisive and quick decision by owners of companies



Million \$, %

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Export	14,259	16,631	19,550	26,516	29,986	37,360	39,045	32,793
	(-45.2)	(-16.6)	19,550 (17.6)	(35.7)	(13.1)	(24.6)	(4.5)	(-16.0)
Import	15,547	17,476	21,840	23,618	25,133	28,043	30,817	32,018
	(-22.0)	(12.4)	(25.0)	(10.7)	(6.4)	(11.6)	(9.9)	(3.9)

source: KOTIS

() indicates growth against previous year

- In 2009, Korea supply 53% of global memory chips.
- However, non-memory mkt is dominated by U.S.
- In the future, China will be rising as a major provider thanks to rich semiconductor design experts and related software development.

Global Chip Mkt Share by Country

		Q2-2008	Q3-2008	Q4-2008	Q1-2008	Q2-2008
	US	47.4	47.6	48.8	51.2	49.2
-1.	Japan	23.0	23.5	24.4	21.2	21.6
Chip Total(%)	Korea	10.0	9.0	7.9	8.8	10.1
10 (41)	China	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3
	Taiwan	4.5	4.6	3.6	4.2	4.8
	US	11.4	10.6	14.2	13.3	14.4
DRAM	Japan	15.6	16.0	15.7	14.9	16.6
(%)	Korea	50.0	49.5	50.9	55.2	56.0
	China	14.1	14.2	9.8	10.0	11.9
Nand	US	14.1	11.7	15.9	15.5	15.4
Flash	Japan	28.0	30.8	34.5	32.3	29.5
(%)	Korea	55.7	55.0	47.3	49.9	52.6

자료: iSuppli.



Global Chip Mkt Manufacturers' Sales Ranking

Million \$,%

Q2.08 rank	Q2.09 rank	company	Q2-08 (sales)	Q1-09 (sales)	Q2-09 (sales)	growth	share
1	1	Intel	8,469	6,680	7,494	-11.5	14.2
2	2	Samsung	4,756	2,920	3,876	-18.5	7.3
4	3	Toshiba	2,790	2,009	2,310	-17.2	4.4
3	4	TI	2,895	1,975	2,251	-22.2	4.3
5	5	ST Micro	2,721	1,660	1,993	-26.8	3.8
8	6	Qualcomm	1,762	1,316	1,786	1.4	3.4
6	7	Renaissance	1,986	1,207	1,351	-32.0	2.6
7	8	Hynix	1,774	898	1,295	-27.0	2.5
9	9	Infineon	1,600	975	1,150	-28.1	2.2
12	10	AMD	1,336	1,135	1,133	-15.2	2.1

source: iSuppli, 2009.8



Samsung Elec Suwon Plant and SK Hynix Icheon Plant

